IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS MCALLEN DIVISION

JOSE DAVID GARZA,	§	
Plaintiff,	§	
	§	
V.	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 7:24-CV-00369
	§	
GREAT LAKES INSURANCE SE,	§	
Defendant.	§	
	§	

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

Defendant, Great Lakes Insurance SE ("Great Lakes"), files this Notice of Removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441 and 1446.

I. BACKGROUND

- 1. On August 12, 2024, Plaintiff Jose David Garza ("Plaintiff") filed this action in the 389th Judicial District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas, bearing Cause No. C-3717-24-H (the "State Court Action"), against Great Lakes Insurance SE ("Great Lakes"). Plaintiff's Original Petition (the "Complaint") is the live pleading in this case. Plaintiff has not demanded a jury. (A copy of the Complaint is attached in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a) as Exhibit A-2).
- 2. Citation as to Great Lakes was issued by the clerk on August 22, 2024¹; therefore, this notice of removal is timely filed by Great Lakes, it being filed no more than thirty days after service of Great Lakes, in accordance with 28 U.S.C. §§ 1441 and 1446.

II. BASIS FOR REMOVAL: DIVERSITY JURISDICTION

3. Removal of the State Court Action to this Court is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332 and 1441(a) and (b) because: (1) there is complete diversity between Plaintiff and Great Lakes, and (2) the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

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¹ See Exhibit A-3.

A. There is complete diversity between Plaintiff and Defendant.

- 4. Plaintiff's State Court Action may be removed to this Court because it arises under 28 U.S.C. § 1332.
- 5. Plaintiff Jose David Garza is an individual domiciled in Texas, and therefore, is a citizen of Texas for purposes of diversity jurisdiction.
- 6. Great Lakes is a foreign non-admitted surplus lines insurer engaged in the business of insurance in the State of Texas and is incorporated and has its principal place of business in Germany. Therefore, Great Lakes is a citizen of Germany for purposes of diversity jurisdiction.
 - 7. Thus, there is complete diversity of citizenship between Plaintiff and Great Lakes.

B. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.

- 8. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000. To determine the amount in controversy, the Court should "first examine the complaint to determine whether it is 'facially apparent' that the claims exceed the jurisdictional amount." ² "If it is not thus apparent, the court may rely on 'summary judgment-type' evidence to ascertain the amount in controversy."
- 9. In this case, on the face of the Complaint, Plaintiff states, "[t]he damages sought are within the jurisdictional limits of this court. Mr. Garza currently seeks only monetary relief of \$250,000.00 or less, excluding interest, statutory or punitive damages and penalties, and attorneys' fees and costs.⁴ Plaintiff's pleading does not further clarify the amount of damages Plaintiff seeks to recover. As such, the only way to ascertain Plaintiff's damages is to look towards Plaintiff's pre-suit demand and the categories of damages Plaintiff seeks in its Complaint, which establish by

² Espinoza v. Allstate Texas Lloyd's, 222 F. Supp. 3d 529, 533 (W.D. Tex. 2016) (citing Greenberg, 134 F.3d at 1253 (footnotes omitted); Garcia v. Koch Oil Co. of Tex., 351 F.3d 636, 638–39 (5th Cir. 2003) (holding that the defendant may prove claims by demonstrating that the claims are likely above \$75,000 or by setting forth facts in controversy that support a finding of the requisite amount)).

³ Id.

⁴ See Exhibit A-2.

a preponderance of the evidence that the amount in controversy requirement is met in this case.⁵

Courts routinely consider pre-suit demand letters in determining whether the amount in controversy requirement is satisfied.⁶

- 10. Here, while Plaintiff's Complaint fails to state the amount of monetary relief he seeks,⁷ Plaintiff's pre-suit demand seeks \$50,000 for actual damages and \$6,800 in attorneys' fees. Plaintiff's Complaint mirrors the categories of damages Plaintiff sought in his demand, which further seeks treble damages.⁸
- 11. Taken together with the amount Plaintiff seeks in his pre-suit demand, Plaintiff is seeking at least \$150,000.00 in actual and treble damages. This amount does not include the attorneys' fees Plaintiff is also seeking in his Complaint, as well as the other categories of damages asserted in the Complaint.⁹
- 12. Courts regularly consider pre-suit demand letters when determining whether the amount in controversy requirement is satisfied.¹⁰ In addition, when calculating the amount in

⁵ See List v. PlazAmericas Mall Texas, LLC, No. CV H-18-4810, 2019 WL 480130, at *1 (S.D. Tex. Feb. 7, 2019) ("[T]he plaintiff's claim remains presumptively correct unless the defendant can show by a preponderance of the evidence that the amount in controversy is greater than the jurisdictional amount." De Aguilar v. Boeing Co., 47 F.3d 1404, 1412 (5th Cir. 1995). If the defendant does so, remand is proper "only if the plaintiff has shown it is legally certain that [her] recovery will not exceed the amount stated in the state complaint." Id. This is "not a burden-shifting exercise," and a plaintiff must make all information known in her state-court petition. See In re 1994 Exxon Chem. Fire, 558 F.3d 378, 387 (5th Cir. 2009)).

⁶St. Paul Reinsurance Co. v. Greenberg, 134 F.3d 1250, 1253, 1254-55 (5th Cir. 1998); Wilson v. Belin, 20 F.3d 644, 651 n.8 (5th Cir. 1994); Molina v. Wal–Mart Stores Tex., L.P., 535 F.Supp.2d 805, 808 (W.D. Tex. 2008) (citations omitted)); see Williams v. Companion Prop. & Cas. Ins. Co., 2013 WL 2338227, at *1 (S.D. Tex. May 27, 2013) (citing St. Paul Reinsurance Co. v. Greenberg, 134 F.3d 1250, 1254 (5th Cir. 1998); Escobedo v. Marmaxx Operating Corp., 2009 WL 1636245, at *2 (S.D. Tex. June 10, 2009); Molina v. Wal–Mart Stores Tex., LP, 535 F.Supp.2d 805, 808 (W.D. Tex. 2008)).

⁷See generally, Exhibit A−2.

⁸ See generally, Exhibit A-2 in comparison with Exhibit C.

¹⁰ St. Paul Reinsurance Co. v. Greenberg, 134 F.3d 1250, 1253, 1254-55 (5th Cir. 1998); Wilson v. Belin, 20 F.3d 644, 651 n.8 (5th Cir. 1994); Molina v. Wal-Mart Stores Tex., L.P., 535 F.Supp.2d 805, 808 (W.D. Tex. 2008) (citations omitted)); see Williams v. Companion Prop. & Cas. Ins. Co., 2013 WL 2338227, at *1 (S.D. Tex. May 27, 2013) (citing St. Paul Reinsurance Co. v. Greenberg, 134 F.3d 1250, 1254 (5th Cir. 1998); Escobedo v. Marmaxx Operating Corp., 2009 WL 1636245, at *2 (S.D. Tex. June 10, 2009); Molina v. Wal-Mart Stores Tex., LP, 535 F.Supp.2d 805, 808 (W.D. Tex. 2008)).

controversy, courts also regularly consider additional damages as well as treble damages.¹¹

13. Thus, as set forth above, Plaintiff's pre-suit demand and the categories of damages Plaintiff is seeking based on the face of his Complaint establish that Plaintiff is seeking damages in excess of \$75,000, excluding interest and costs. Therefore, the amount in controversy requirement for removal set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 1446(c)(2)(A)–(B) is satisfied.

III. VENUE

14. Venue for removal is proper in this district and division under 28 U.S.C. § 1441(a) because this district and division embrace the Judicial District Courts of Hidalgo County, Texas, the forum in which the removed action was pending.

IV. ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- 15. Great Lakes has provided notice to Plaintiff through delivery of a copy of this Notice and the state court Notice of Filing of Notice of Removal to Plaintiff's counsel of record and has also provided notice to the 389th Judicial District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas through the filing of this Notice and the Notice of Filing of Notice of Removal into the record of the State Court Action.
- 16. Copies of pleadings, process, orders, and other filings in the State Court Action are attached to this notice as **Exhibit A** as required by 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a).¹²
- 17. Pursuant to Southern District of Texas Local Rule 81 and 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a), this Notice of Removal is accompanied by copies of the following:

Exhibit A: Index of all documents that clearly identifies each document and indicates the date the document was filed in state court;

¹¹ See, e.g., Hartford Ins. Grp. v. Lou-Con, Inc., 293 F.3d 908, 912 (5th Cir. 2002); Premium Plastics v. Seattle Specialty Ins. Servs., Inc., No. H-10-3960, 2011 WL 11199, at *3 (S.D. Tex. Jan. 3, 2011).

¹² See Exhibit A: Index of All Documents Filed in State Court Action.

Exhibit A-1: Case information including docket summary;

Exhibit A-2-A-5: All documents filed in the State Court Action;

Exhibit B: Listing of all Parties and Counsel of Record; and

Exhibit C: Plaintiff's Pre-Suit Demand.

WHEREFORE, Defendant Great Lakes Insurance SE hereby removes this matter to the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, McAllen Division for further proceedings and disposition.

Respectfully submitted,

By: <u>/s/ Valerie Henderson</u>

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Attorneys for Defendant Great Lakes Insurance SE

CERTIFICATE AND NOTICE OF FILING

I certify that on September 11, 2024, the Notice of Removal was sent to the 389th Judicial District Court of Hidalgo County, Texas and that written notice of filing of the Notice of Removal was served via electronic service upon the attorney of record for Plaintiff.

<u>/s/ Valerie Henderson</u> Valerie Henderson

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on September 11, 2024, a true and correct copy of the foregoing was served on the following counsel via e-service pursuant to the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure:

Richard D. Daly Maria Gerguis **DALY & BLACK, P.C.** 2211 Norfolk St., Suite 800 Houston, Texas 77098 rdaly@dalyblack.com mgerguis@dalyblack.com ecfs@dalyblack.com

/s/ Valerie Henderson

Valerie Henderson